The Dent Fix EZ Nitrogen Generator Plastic Welder Kit (DF-EZN1G) is a plastic inert gas welder with Flow Adjust Switching Technology, eliminating the need to adjust and set the proper air and gas flow.

The EZ Nitro kit includes a nitrogen welder, storage cart, on-board nitrogen generator, aluminum tape, heat gun holster, hand seamer and an assortment of plastic rods.

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Cart Assembly

1. Install the front locking wheels by aligning the eight holes on the bottom front of the stand to the corresponding eight holes on wheels.

2. Run the axle through the rear holes on the sides of the stand install, wheels, and axle caps.

3. Install the side Z brackets using four screws and lock nuts.
6 Plug red tube into the feed input elbow fitting on the feed air filter. Plug the yellow tube into the elbow fitting on the top of the product membrane. Push the tubes directly into the elbow fitting until it locks in. If it is necessary to remove a tube from a fitting, push in the fitting collar and then pull the tube out.

8 Attach the welder to the stand, with four black hex screws in the front passing through the stand into the welder, and one screw at the rear of the welder passing through the stand.
9. Install the handle by sliding it into the two holes on the top of the welder. Align the holes in the handle to the holes in the back of the welder with four sheet metal screws.
Welder Controls

A **Power Switch** – Turns the welder on/off

B **N2 Torch Temperature Control** – Turns the nitrogen torch on/off & sets the temperature

C **Airless Temperature Control** – Turns the airless torch on/off & sets the temperature

D **Flow Adjust Switch** – Changes the flow of the nitrogen torch from air (cooling) to gas (welding)

E **Circuit Breaker** – Protects the welder from over power, acts like a fuse. Resets with a push

F **Airless Receptacle** – For plugging in the airless torch only

G **Air Regulator** – Sets and holds the input air pressure at the proper 20psi

H **Generator** – Separates the nitrogen from the compressed air feed.

I **Nitrogen Torch** – Used for nitrogen welding

J **Airless Torch** – Used for airless welding

K **N2 Outlet (High Pressure)** – Used for pneumatic tools.
Nitrogen Plastic Welding (NPW)
NPW is the process of using a heated inert gas (nitrogen) to melt and fuse plastic together for repair. The nitrogen is used to eliminate the oxygen from the weld site to prevent burning. This gives a clean melt and fusion leaving the welded area the same as before the repair. If the plastic is burned it can easily becomes brittle and weak.

Airless Welding (AW)
AW is the process of using a hot iron to melt and fuse plastic. The auto collision industry has been using AW since the late 70’s. Although very effective, AW has limited effectiveness compared to NPW and it does burn the plastic to some degree. AW is the only welding method that works on thermoset plastics such as polyurethane. The DF-EZN1G’s AW is mostly used for smoothing and shaping welds after using the nitrogen welder.

DF-EZN1G EZ NITRO General Description
The DF-EZN1G EZ NITROGEN GENERATOR PLASTIC WELDER is unique in its use of proprietary Flow Adjust Switch Technology (FAST). The FAST system makes the DF-EZN1 the easiest nitrogen welder to learn and use. It simplifies nitrogen welding and eliminates flow adjustments by the user. This significantly reduces the time to set up the welder and gets the work done FAST.

Equipped with two welders, the DF-EZN1G EZ NITRO GENERATOR incorporates both a nitrogen welding torch and an airless welding torch. The nitrogen torch is air cooled. It is essential to establish and maintain air flow before turning the welder on, and air flow must be maintained until the nitrogen torch cools down. (Usually 10 minutes to cool down after powering down)

The unit comes with plastic rod in various types and sizes to enable the user to weld different types of plastic and different types of damages. Also included is a roll of aluminum tape to hold parts together when welding. The hand seaming tool help shapes, flatten, and insure that repaired flanges and tabs are the correct thickness.

The cart is equipped with a on-board nitrogen generator, a heat gun holster, and a power strip for powering other tools such as the optional digital set heat gun (DF-900HG) and thermal hot stapler (DF-800BR).
Nitrogen Plastic Welding vs. Adhesives
Plastic welding fuses the damaged area together using a plastic rod made of the same material as the broken part. This leaves the repaired part as close to per-accident condition as possible. Adhesives are substantially different then the material that the part is made of, and large amounts are used compared to welding. This leaves the part very different then it was pre-collision.

After plastic welding the weld area can be cooled in seconds using compressed air. Adhesives can sometimes take hours to fully dry wasting time.

Plastic welding does not require the use of backing material such as steel or nylon mesh. Adhesives usually require the use of backing material, adding even more foreign material into the repair area.

Plastic welding allows the repair of intricate parts or areas of parts such as tabs, flanges, grille bars. Most of these intricate repairs cannot be done with adhesives.

Plastic welding rod is very inexpensive compared to adhesives that require mixing tips, backing material, adhesion promoter, and the very expensive adhesive. For most plastic welding repairs, the cost of the plastic rod is less expensive than the price of a single mixing tip.

DF-EZN1G EZ NITRO vs. Other plastic welders
The DF-EZN1G EZ NITRO is the 1st nitrogen welder that does not require any flow adjustment to the air or gas systems. All other nitrogen welders require the end user to set the proper flow of both the air and gas. Improper adjustment of the air can cause the welder to overheat and burn out, improper adjustment of the nitrogen can cause the welder to overheat, or not weld properly. The DF-EZN1G EZ NITRO uses a proprietary Flow Adjust Switch Technology (FAST) eliminating the need to adjust the gas and air settings because the flow of gas and air is preset from the factory. The FAST system automatically adjusts the air and gas to the correct flow when switched from the air (cool down side) to the gas (weld side). This FAST system makes the DF-EZN1G EZ NITRO the 1st plug and play nitrogen plastic welder on the market. The simplicity of the FAST system also makes the welder more reliable, that’s why Dent Fix has the best warranty of any nitrogen plastic welder on the market. Lastly the DF-EZN1G EZ NITRO is from Dent Fix. Dent fix has been known for innovation and quality for 40 years, and is one of the most trusted names in the collision equipment business.
Plastic Types

Most plastic parts will have the type of plastic that the part is made of stamped on it. The plastic rod packages supplied with the DF-EZN1G will weld most types of plastics found on an automobile. The following is a list of the plastic welding rod supplied and the corresponding stamp that may be found on the part, as well as typical parts that may be made from the type of plastic.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plastic Type</th>
<th>Can Be Used On Parts Marked</th>
<th>Part Examples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polypropylene “PP”</td>
<td>PP, PP/EPDM, PP / T20, TPO, TEO, TSOP</td>
<td>Bumper covers, valance panels, headlights, fuse boxes, air intake parts, engine covers, underbody covers, fluid tanks, rocker moldings fender flares, trim panels, valance panels, case moldings &amp; core supports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABS “ABS”</td>
<td>ABS, ABS + PC, ABS + PA</td>
<td>Grilles, cowl grilles, dash bezels, mirror covers, car door handles, trim panels &amp; finish panels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene “PE”</td>
<td>PE, LDPE, HDPE, PPE</td>
<td>Fender liners, splash shields, fluid tanks, and underbody covers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polycarbonate “PC”</td>
<td>PC, PC + ABS, PC + PBT</td>
<td>Bumper covers, finish panels, dash parts, core supports &amp; Saturn door skins.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyurethane “PUR”</td>
<td>PU, PUR, PRIM, RIM, TPU, TPUR</td>
<td>Bumper covers, rocker moldings, case moldings. These parts are typically found on older or low production vehicles, such as a Corvette.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Welder Operation

1. Plug in an air hose to the inlet nipple
2. Turn on the main power switch
3. Turn on the nitrogen torch and set it to the appropriate temperature for the type of plastic being welded (SEE WELD TEMPERATURE CHART BELOW)
4. Turn on the airless torch and set it to the appropriate temperature for the type of plastic being welded (SEE WELD TEMPERATURE CHART BELOW)
5. Wait approximately 10 minutes for warm up
6. Remove the nitrogen torch from the holster and switch the flow switch to the weld position.
7. BEGIN WELDING.
8. ALWAYS SWITCH THE FLOW SWITCH BACK TO COOL DOWN WHEN THE TORCH IS PUT INTO THE HOLSTER

CAUTION

FAILURE TO PROPERLY COOL DOWN THE WELDER CAN CAUSE DAMAGE.

Welder Shut Down

1. Shut off both the nitrogen torch and the airless torch.
2. Shut off the main power switch.
3. Leave the airline plugged in for at least 10 minutes to allow the welder to cool down.

Weld Temperature Chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plastic Type</th>
<th>NITROGEN</th>
<th>AIRLESS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyurethane</td>
<td>Not Used</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABS</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polypropylene</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polycarbonate</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Nitrogen Welding

1. Clean the part on both sides with soap and water, sand the inside with 80 grit sand paper on a dual action sander.
2. When welding on the inside of the panel first, it is usually best to leave the outside painted.
3. Tape the crack together on one side with aluminum tape to hold it while welding.
4. It is usually best to cut a V groove along the weld run into the part the same width of the rod that you intend to use.
5. Direct the heated gas from the nitrogen torch at a 45 degree angle into the corner where the welding rod and part meet heating both the rod and part evenly and equally.
6. Hold the welding rod approximately 3” from the base, push the rod straight down into the part until it begins to flex.
7. Weld into the heat, pushing straight down on the rod while allowing the rod to roll into the heat.
8. Weld speed should be 4” to 6” per minute.

Nitrogen Welding

1. Some plastics such as polyurethane can only be welded with the airless welder using the rod feed tip
2. Clean the part on both sides with soap and water, sand the inside with 80 grit sand paper with a dual action sander
3. It is usually best to leave the paint on the outside when doing the inside weld if the first weld will be the inside weld.
4. Tape the crack together on one side with aluminum tape to hold it while welding.
5. Cut a tight V groove 60% deep into the part.
6. Set the temperature to the appropriate temperature for the plastic being welded (SEE INCLUDED PLASTIC TEMPERATURE CHART)
7. The temperature should be hot enough to turn the plastic liquid, but not hot enough to cause it to boil
8. Press the feeder tip onto the part over the V groove.
9. Push the rod through the feeder tip and into the V groove filling the V groove completely.
10. After filling the V groove with plastic rod use the airless torch to smooth the welded rod flat, pushing the plastic deeper into the V groove.
11. Turn over the part and remove the aluminum tape.
12. Cut a tight V groove through the crack exposing a complete strip of the back side welded to allow the front and back welds to commingle.
13. Smooth the weld with the airless torch.
14. Finish by sanding the weld area with 80 grit paper on a dual action sander.
## Consumables/Upgrades

### Plastic Rods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Shape</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3mm ABS</td>
<td>TRIANGLE</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-ABBK03T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3mm ABS</td>
<td>ROUND</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-ABBK03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9mm ABS</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-ABBK09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15mm ABS</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-ABBK15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3mm Polycarbonate</td>
<td>TRIANGLE</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PCNT03T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3mm Polycarbonate</td>
<td>ROUND</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PCNT03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6mm Polycarbonate</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PCNT06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9mm Polycarbonate</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PCNT09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15mm Polycarbonate</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PCNT15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3mm Polyethylene</td>
<td>ROUND</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PEBK03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9mm Polyethylene</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PEBK09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15mm Polyethylene</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PEBK15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3mm Polypropylene</td>
<td>TRIANGLE</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PPBK03T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3mm Polypropylene</td>
<td>ROUND</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PPBK03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6mm Polypropylene</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PPBK06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9mm Polypropylene</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PPBK09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15mm Polypropylene</td>
<td>FLAT</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PPBK15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3mm Polyurethane</td>
<td>ROUND</td>
<td>25pc</td>
<td>DF-PUNT03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Aluminum Tape

- **150ft Aluminum Tape Roll** - DF-EZN1-AT150

### Upgrades

- **Premium Hot Stapler Kit** - DF-800BR
- **Basic Hot Stapler Kit** - DF-400BR
- **Digital Set Heat Gun** - DF-900HG

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